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## INFLUENCE OF ENVIRONMENT, PRE-FEEDLOT GROWTH RATE, AND BREED TYPES ON FEEDLOT PERFORMANCE

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Background. Bos indicus x Bos taurus steers (n=90 hd) from TAMU-McGregor (MCG) were weaned in mid-October 1999, grouped by breed composition and generation. [Nelore x Angus F-1; Brahman (BRM) x Hereford, F-2; 1/4 BRM x 1/4 Angus x 1/4 Nelore x 1/4 Hereford; and 1/2 BRM x 1/4 Angus x 1/4 Hereford] (1/2 IND), were paired within group based on weaning weight, and allocated as 15 pairs across three TAMU locations (MCG, Overton (OVT), and Uvalde (UVL). At MCG 15 1/2 IND were placed immediately in feedlot as calf-feds, and 15 1/2 IND plus 13 1/4 BRM steers were wintered on hay and supplement until mid-April 2000 when they were placed in feedlot. At OVT, steers grazed at two stocking rates (HI and LO) on ryeryegrass along with 31 OVT-reared Angus-sired steers with either Angus x BRM (AAB) or Hereford x BRM (AHB) dams. Steers were returned to MCG on May 22 for feeding. Steers shipped to UVL grazed ryegrass with 27 head of Angus steers in a frontal grazing (irrigated) system; or grazed native rangeland. Steers were shipped from UVL to MCG feedlot on April 26. This cooperative, multi-location experiment was initiated to evaluate effects of two pre-feedlot growth rates of steers at three environments on feedlot performance. Steers were fed to a visual assessment of 0.4-inch backfat.

Research Findings. Stocker gains by 1/2 IND steers ranged from 0.55 lbs/da at UVL to 2.28 lbs/da at OVT (Table 1). The calf-fed 1/2 IND steers were on feed 226 days and gained 1.83 lbs/da. This unexpected low ADG could have been due to behavior. These 1/2 IND steers had high anxiety levels when handled. The MCG steers that were backgrounded prior to feedlot were fed for 139 days and gained 3.02 lbs/da for 1/2 IND, and 145 days and 3.13 lbs/da for 1/4 BRM. The 1/2 IND steers pastured at OVT on HI stocking rates (SR) gained 4.11 and 4.61 lbs/da during a 130 to 124 day period; whereas, LO SR steers gained 4.11 and 3.42 lbs/da during 119 days on feed. The AAB and AHB OVT steers had feedlot ADG of 4.28 and 4.01 from HI SR and 3.95 and 3.81 lbs/da from LO SR. The 1/2 IND steers pastured at UVL had feedlot ADG of 3.84 lbs/da from HI SR, and 3.46 lbs/da from ME SR. Angus steers pastured at UVL had the lowest ADG during the summer feeding period of 3.13 lbs/da from HI SR, 3.33 lbs/da from LO SR, and 3.20 lbs/da from ME SR.

**Application.** Summertime feedlot performance of the 1/2 IND steers wintered at OVT and UVL exceeded that of both the MCG calf-feds and both breed types over wintered at MCG.

Compensating gains was evident for selected groups, but not for all. The AAB and AHB OVT steers fed comparably to the 1/2 IND steers; whereas, the UVL Angus steers had the lowest ADG. Breedtype adaptation to feedlot conditions appeared to be more important than pre-feedlot growth rates in this first year study.

Table 1. Pre-feedlot growth and feedlot performance of various breedtypes of steers.

STOCKER								MCG FEEDLOT			
AN <sup>1</sup> RGN	PAS LOC	SR <sup>2</sup>	SM <sup>3</sup>		INT WT	FIN WT	ADG	INT WT	FIN WT	ADG	AVE DOF <sup>5</sup>
MCG <sup>a</sup>	OVT	НІ	CN	SD⁴	629 74	780 99	1.44 0.30	715 96	1246 126	4.11 0.61	130
MCG <sup>a</sup>	OVT	НІ	RT	SD	652 58	735 67	0.79 0.23	688 66	1254 82	4.61 0.48	124
$MCG^a$	OVT	LO	CN	SD	656 49	895 41	2.28 0.31	824 38	1311 64	4.11 0.57	119
MCG <sup>a</sup>	OVT	LO	RT	SD	628 22	841 34	2.03 0.25	799 44	1203 40	3.42 0.45	119
MCG <sup>a</sup>	UVL	НІ	RA	SD	633 61	709 73	0.55 0.22	666 61	1135 101	3. <b>8</b> 4 0.95	128
MCG <sup>a</sup>	UVL	ME	CN	SD	757 70	837 66	1.50 0.49	805 71	11 <b>98</b> 107	3.46 0.60	115
MCG <sup>a</sup>	MCG	ME	CN	SD	555 59	787 78	1.30 0.36	787 78	11 <b>96</b> 100	3.02 0.55	139
MCG <sup>b</sup>	MCG	ME	CN	SD	392 21	70 <b>8</b> 40	1. <b>67</b> 0.13	708 40	1150 85	3.13 0.52	145
MCG <sup>a</sup>	MCG	CALF	FEDS -				SD	645 107	1056 119	1.83	226
$OVT^b$	OVT	НІ	CN	SD	791 41	977 18	1.7 <b>8</b> 0.3 <b>5</b>	905 16	1416 60	4.28 0.45	119
$OVT^b$	OVT	НІ	RT	SD	666 97	<b>800</b>	1.2 <b>8</b> 0.40	761 99	1260 126	4.01 0.53	125
OVT <sup>b</sup>	OVT	LO	CN	SD	67 <b>8</b> 76	963 100	2.72 0.37	906 86	1377 106	3.95 0.41	119
OVT <sup>b</sup>	OVT	LO	RT	SD	710 42	994 48	2.70 0.55	956 37	1407 25	3.81 0.29	119
UVL°	UVL	НІ	CN	SD	449 34	580 35	0.96 0.17	54 <b>8</b> 37	1040 66	3.13 0.44	159
UVL°	UVL	LO	RT	SD	405 46	705 45	2.48 0.23	719 42	1111 58	3.33 0.44	119
UVL°	UVL	ME	RT	SD	398 43	691 38	2.42 0.21	713 37	1119	3.20 0.31	128

Animal origin with following breed types: (a) 1/2 IND; (b) 25% BRM and includes AAB and AHB; (c) Angus.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Stocking Rates on pasture or rangeland of high (HI), medium (ME), or low (LO).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Stocking Method of continuous (CN), rotational (RT), or rangeland (RA).

Standard Deviation (SD) of the mean of numbers in treatment group.

Average Days on feed represents average of individuals that were harvested at about 0.4-inch backfat.