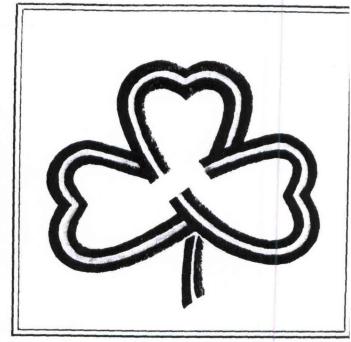
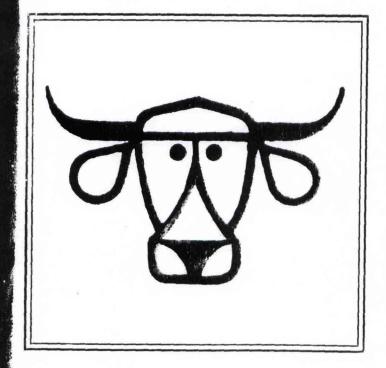
PUBLICATIONS 1980









Forage Research in Texas

Departmental Technical Report No.80-6 Department of Soil and Crop Sciences SG-0009

Project

H 6046 1976-1979 L. R. Nelson

VARIETY TESTS FOR WINTER

ANNUAL FORAGE PRODUCTION Room englished and a state of the control of

on the out forage tests (Table 1) indicate that fall forage YAMMUS

When making variety recommendations to growers, performance rated over several years is more valid than only one year's data because of unusual weather conditions that may favor one variety more than another during a particular year. For this reason, the forage yields for the oat, rye, ryegrass and wheat forage tests have been compiled to provide a better estimate of yield potential of individual varieties. It is important to consider forage distribution throughout the growing season and not only total forage yield. Early fall and winter forage production may be of more value to a forage program than forage produced in April or May.

OBJECTIVES

These trials were conducted to determine which varieties produce highest forage yields in East Texas. A second objective was to test newly released or experimental lines to determine their adaptation and cold potential under East Texas environmental conditions.

PROCEDURE

In each of these forage tests, a number of varieties were planted in small plots replicated four times. Forage yields are determined by clipping the plants at a uniform height on a representative portion of each plot. The samples are then dried in an oven, weighed, and pounds of dry forage per acre calculated. A test may be clipped from three to as many as five times throughout the growing season, depending on the amount of forage growth made by the plants.

Forages were planted into conventionally tilled seedbeds usually during the first 2 weeks in September. A broadcast application of fertilizer at a rate of 60-60-60 ($N-P_2O_5-K_2O$) lbs/ac was applied in late August. Additional nitrogen was applied in split application in November and February for a total N rate of about 210 lbs/acre.

RESULTS

Data presented are mean yields for three growing seasons except for a few varieties where only 2 years data are available as noted on the tables. Yields from the oat forage tests (Table 1) indicate that fall forage production was quite high. On oats, cold weather will delay growth and may kill some varieties under severe cold in December and January. Most varieties produce good regrowth with warmer weather in March. About one half of the total forage production will occur in late March and April. Little or no forage production should be expected in May.

Rye will produce good forage yields in the fall as indicated in Table 2. Forage production can also be expected for December and January if temperatures are near normal for East Texas. Rye produces little forage after the end of March particularly under grazing conditions.

Ryegrass (Table 3) will also produce fairly good forage yields in the fall if planted in a prepared seedbed as shown by this data. Little production can be expected during December and January unless warmer than normal temperatures occur. Most of the forage from ryegrass will occur in March and April, and some forage production will also be available in May.

Forage production from wheat is fairly uniform throughout the growing season (Table 4). Total wheat forage produced at Overton has been somewhat less than oats, rye or ryegrass. Most wheat varieties are fairly winter-hardy and will survive severe cold when oats or ryegrass may winterkill. Little regrowth can be expected after April.

per ages calculated. A test may be clipped from three to as many as five

nitraces was applied in spirit armiticate on in Neverber and February for a

Table 1. Mean oat forage yields from 1976-77 through 1978-79 at Overton, Texas.

| Variety | December | March | April | Total |
|--|----------|--------|------------|-------|
| | Pounds | of dry | matter per | acre |
| Coker | 1923 | 2398 | 3407 | 7728* |
| Coker 76-19 | 1918 | 2369 | 3108 | 7457* |
| Coker Four Twenty Two | 1613 | 2271 | 3293 | 7176* |
| Noble Foundation 105 | 1606 | 1958 | 3331 | 6895 |
| Tx-Exp. 72C-1026 | 1974 | 1571 | 3194 | 6739* |
| Walken | 1646 | 1901 | 3129 | 6675* |
| Coker 7723 | 1804 | 1837 | 2892 | 6533* |
| Coker 234 | 1907 | 1924 | 2494 | 6326 |
| Noble Foundation 85 | 1896 | 1234 | 2786 | 5916* |
| Tam-0-301 ************************************ | 1971 | 1032 | 2895 | 5898* |
| Tam-0-312 | 1353 | 1197 | 3239 | 5807 |
| Noble Foundation 188 | 1288 | 1613 | 2854 | 5754* |
| New Nortex | 1820 | 1113 | 2263 | 5196 |
| Tx-Exp. 72C-3034 | 746 | 1496 | 2743 | 4985* |
| Bob sala saer sers | 942 | 1528 | 2375 | 4845* |
| Ora Baez Seaf aaer | 942 | 1459 | 2304 | 4704* |

^{*}Means for this variety are from 2 year's data. The property and appears

Table 2. Mean rye forage yields from 1976-77 through 1978-79 at Overton, Texas.

| Variety | TringA. | March | December | F | ebruary | March | April | Total |
|------------------|---------|-------|----------|----|---------|----------|-------|-------|
| | | | Pounds | of | dry mat | tter per | acre | |
| Elbon area | | | 1858 | | 3906 | 2552 | 769 | 9468* |
| Acco WR-811 | | | 2138 | | 2591 | 3089 | 953 | 8770* |
| Wintergrazer 70 | | | 1947 | | 3537 | 2042 | 760 | 8665* |
| Bone1 | | | 1691 | | 2258 | 2844 | 914 | 7708 |
| Gurley's 2000 | | | 1912 | | 2600 | 2162 | 1241 | 7581 |
| Noble Foundation | n 74 | | 1816 | | 2181 | 2566 | 1003 | 7565 |
| Noble Foundation | 72 | | 1895 | | 2271 | 2453 | 850 | 7469 |
| Maton | | | 1601 | | 2183 | 2896 | 789 | 7463 |
| Athens Abruzzi | | | 1602 | | 2238 | 2459 | 761 | 7060 |

^{*}Means for this variety are for 2 year's data.

Table 3. Mean ryegrass forage yields from 1976-77 through 1978-79 at Overton, Texas.

| Variety | December | March | April | May | Total | |
|----------------|------------------|--------|-----------|---------|--------|--------|
| | Pounds | of dry | matter pe | er acre | | |
| Tx-0-R-78-2 | 1631 | 1808 | 2463 | 1651 | 7552* | |
| Sunbelt | 1478 | 1499 | 2881 | 1560 | 7417* | |
| Fla 1977B | 1606 | 1422 | 2669 | 1674 | 7369* | |
| | (Marshall)1525** | 1049 | 3543 | 1034 | 7151** | |
| Meritra | 1229 | 1149 | 1923 | 2738 | 7033* | nAUI's |
| Magnolia | 1278 | 1526 | 2339 | 1856 | 6999 | |
| Tx-0-R-78-3 | 1397 | 1385 | 2669 | 1478 | 6928* | |
| Tetrablend 444 | 1436 | 1255 | 2278 | 1904 | 6873 | |
| Tx-0-R-78-1 | 1397 | 1348 | 2537 | 1548 | 6829* | |
| NAPB-0051 | 919 | 1940 | 1887 | 1789 | 6534* | |
| Ninak | 1220 | 1182 | 2196 | 1896 | 6494 | |
| Common | 1291 | 1154 | 2139 | 1756 | 6339 | |
| Gulf | 1129 | 1071 | 2398 | 1792 | 6307 | |
| Tetrone | 1130 | 882 | 2194 | 1958 | 6163 | |
| Billion | 1181 | 1169 | 1986 | 1632 | 5968 | |

^{*}Means for this variety are from 2 year's data. The year and the same of the s

Table 4. Mean wheat yields from 1976-77 through 1978-79 at Overton, Texas.

| Variety | December | February | March | April | Total |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|--------|----------|---------|
| etter per acre | Po | unds of dry | matter | per acre | - 10.00 |
| McNair 1003 | 1443 | 1610 | 1459 | 1203 | 5716 |
| Coker 76-22 | 1053 | 2103 | 1149 | 1055 | 5360 |
| Coker 68-15 | 1243 | 1382 | 1919 | 809 | 5353 |
| Noble Foundation 21 | 1209 | 1035 | 955 | 1309 | 5161* |
| Coker 747 | 895 | 876 | 1932 | 1095 | 4797 |
| Sturdy | 965 | 755 | 2350 | 489 | 4558* |
| Noble Foundation 2 | 1575 | 942 | 814 | 757 | 4467* |
| Arthur 71 | 763 | 654 | 1841 | 1106 | 4364 |
| Delta Queen | 963 | 1502 | 808 | 1025 | 4298 |
| Oasis | 667 | 592 | 1861 | 1002 | 4121* |

^{*}Means for this variety are from 2 year's data.